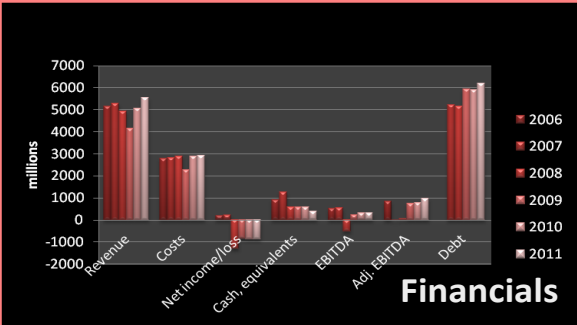


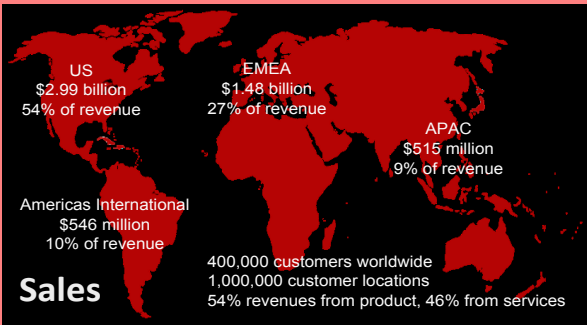


from division of Lucent to IPO

By Brian Riggs, Current Analysis



Financials



SW

Dominant standing in North America made stronger with Nortel acquisition

Two years of reorganizations, downsizing and product rationalization due to the Nortel acquisition

Strong portfolio of SIP-based solutions

Leadership position in the contact center systems market

Comparatively ill-defined cloud strategy

OT

Under-penetrated in EMEA, so plenty of growth opportunities there

Large base of Nortel customers to migrate

Differentiated conferencing product in web.alive

Competitors ... strong ones ... everywhere

CISCO
hp
Microsoft
NEC
ASTRA
MITEL
HUAWEI
SIEMENS
ShoreTel

Timeline

2012

Conferencing end points, enterprise SBCs:



2011

Introduces Vena architecture, Flare Experience. Sells Ubiquity



2010

Wins auction for Nortel Enterprise Solutions, paying \$933 million, almost twice its initial bid

2009

D'Ambrosio resigns for medical reasons. Kevin Kennedy appointed CEO



2008

Acquired and taken private by Silver Lake and TPG for \$8.2 billion, quashing rumors that Nortel would take over Avaya

2007

SIP software: Acquires Ubiquity for

2006

Mobility software: Acquires Traverse Networks for \$15 million



2005

Net income plummets; Lou D'Ambrosio, Avaya's president of global sales and marketing, replaces Peterson as CEO

Sources: SEC filings, No Jitter, CRN, Network Worldpublicly available stats from MZA, Infonetics, Frost & Sullivan, IDC

IPO

Date: Unknown. Was expected in 2011 but delayed, presumably to wait for more favorable market conditions

Ticker symbol: NYSE: AVYA

Underwriters: J.P. Morgan, Morgan Stanley, Goldman Sachs

Percentage of Avaya to be sold: 20%

Potential money raised: \$1 billion

Potential valuation of Avaya: \$5 billion

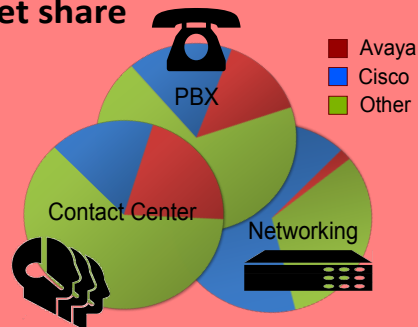
Pros:

- Debt relief, which will strengthen the balance sheet and increase customer confidence
- Financial transparency

Cons:

- Expected valuation only 40% what investors paid
- Unclear how, or if, customers and partners will benefit

Market share



Market opportunity

\$59+ billion PBX systems market worldwide

\$21+ billion Ethernet switch market worldwide

€670+ million Contact center systems market EMEA

\$1.6+ billion Contact center systems market North America

What \$933 million buys

\$ An enterprise business that brought in **>\$2 billion revenues** in the four quarters leading up to its acquisition, despite a >25% year-over-year decline.



About **4,000 resellers**. Instrumental to Avaya growing indirect sales from 53% in 2009 to a desired 85% by 2012. (Channel sales were 76% of Avaya's 2011 revenue, so the company is on course.)



More than **20 executives**, among them Joel Hackney and Steven Bandrowczak who are now leaders in Avaya's global sales organization.



About **450 hosted and managed services customers**. Hosted contact center, telephony, and messaging services based on the Nortel 2100 platform. These are not actively sold or marketed.

Networking gear. Switches, routers, wireless systems previously absent from Avaya's portfolio. Sales of these products brought in \$304 million in revenue in 2011.



5,900 employees out of the 8,000 working at Nortel Enterprise Solutions before the acquisition. Included about 1,000 direct sales reps.



Introduces new line of client interfaces and devices - one-X Communicator, Desktop, Mobile and (briefly) Quick

2004

Global expansion. Acquires Tenovis for \$370 million, Spectel for \$103 million, and majority interest in Tata Telecom for \$18 million



2003

Sells structured cabling business, ceases development of stackable switches to focus on communications



2002

Introduces MultiVantage Communications Apps

Introduces Communications Manager, S8700 IP Office, Unified



2001

Don Peterson named CEO



Releases IP600, its first IP PBX in response to Cisco CallManager

2000

Lucent spins off its enterprise group to focus on core carrier market after a 23% earnings shortfall