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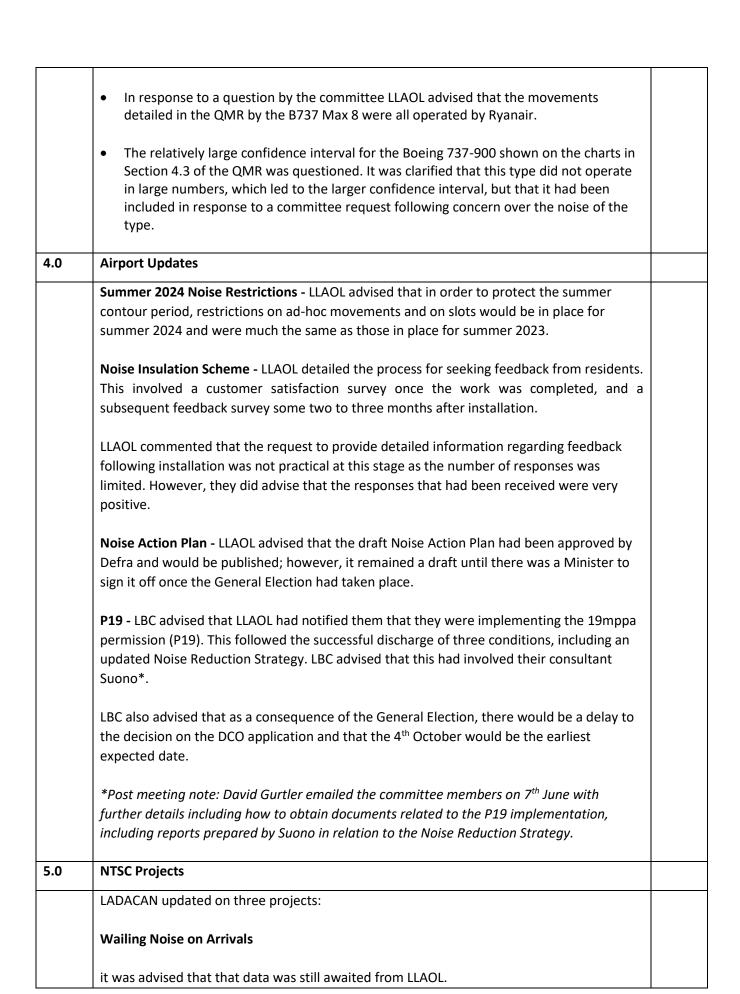
Noise and Track Sub-Committee

Meeting minutes from Wednesday 5th June 2024 at 2pm Meeting held virtually on Microsoft Teams

	Attendees		
	Mr Martin Routledge	LLACC Chairman	
	Mr David Charles	Bickerdike Allen Partners	
	Cllr Michael Muir	Hertfordshire County Council	
	Mrs Rachael Webb	BMKALC	
	Cllr Jane Timmis	Dacorum Borough Council	
	Mr Andrew Lambourne	LADACAN	
	Mrs Alice May	LLAOL Flight Operations Manager	
	Ms Adriana Grigorean	LLAOL Community Noise Executive	
	Mrs Nicole Prior	LLAOL Head of Flight Operations	
	Mr Neil Thompson	LLAOL Operations Director	
	Mr David Gurtler	Luton Borough Council	
	Mr Paul Donovan	Hertfordshire County Council	
	Mr Gordon Breeze	PAIN	
	Cllr Ed Moore	St Albans City and District Council	
	Mr Nigel Green	STAQS	
	Mr David Healey	NATS	
1.0	Apologies for absence and subs	titution	Action
1.1	Cllr Chris Poll – Buckinghamshire Council Mr Neil Bradford - LLAOL Head of Marketing & Communications Ms Sophie Dekker - easyJet		
1.2	The Chairman welcomed members the Head of Flight Operations.	ers to the June 2024 meeting and the return of Nicole Prior	

	Members were reminded of the protocols for the virtual meeting.	
2.0	Minutes and Matters Arising from 13 th March 2024	
2.1	The draft minutes from the 13 th March 2024 meeting had been circulated prior to the meeting for comments from members; these had been reviewed by the Chairman and an updated draft had been issued with the meeting papers for approval by members. The minutes of the 13 th March meeting were approved.	
2.2	Matters arising that were not being discussed elsewhere under the agenda included:	
	 Item 3.2. Noise Violations by Commercial Operators LLAOL advised that they had looked at the violations from the daytime passenger flights in the previous quarter and had not identified an obvious reason for the untypically high noise levels. LLAOL reiterated that they continued to work closely with the operators to reduce violations. Item 3.4. Noise Comparison 2014 v 2023 LLAOL advised that they had looked at the numbers and the change was attributed to an increase in load factor leading to an increase in noise. Item 5.1. Go Arounds LLAOL advised that they had spoken to NATS who had confirmed there was nothing further they could do. LLAOL will add an extra slide for NTSC meetings on go around activity. Item 6.2. NMT10 	LLAOL
	 LLAOL advised that NMT10 had now been replaced by NMT08. Item 6.3. Community Noise Reports The report on the South Luton survey had been issued but several survey reports were outstanding. LLAOL advised that they would discuss with BAP the provision of assistance with the outstanding reports. Item 6.4. Track Keeping on Initial Departure RW25 LADACAN informed that they had sent across information on those flights that had 	LLAOL
	been highlighted by the residents. LLAOL advised that they had investigated why these aircraft seemed to route further north than would be expected and further discussion ensued. It was noted that the findings were very involved, and it was agreed that LLAOL would discuss them with LADACAN off-line.	LLAOL
3.0	Quarterly Monitoring Report Q1 2024	
3.1	Total passenger numbers had increased by 2% and total traffic movements by 1%. The total movements in the night period, 23.00-06.59, were slightly fewer when compared with the same quarter last year. The early morning, 06.00-06.59, movements had increased by 6% compared with the same quarter last year.	

3.2	The noise monitor results showed most departures still produced noise levels in the range 70-76 dB L _{Amax} . In this period (2024 Q1) six daytime departures and three night-time departures had been registered at greater than 80 dB. Last year (2022 Q4), the comparable counts were three and one.	
	Members noted that the airlines had achieved Continuous Descent Approaches (CDA), for 92% of all arrivals; this was an improvement on the same quarter in 2023 (91%).	
	There were two noise violations during the daytime and none during the night-time; all were fined accordingly. LLAOL informed that they continued to work closely with the operators to reduce violations.	
	The night-time noise contour area had reduced by 5% compared with the same quarter in 2023. It was noted that there were eleven track violations in this quarter.	
	The number of complaints had decreased from 3,340 in the last first quarter to 1,268 in the same period in 2024. The number of complainants was 64, down from 169 in 2023. The number of new complainants was 11, down from 73. The largest percentage of complaints related to westerly arrivals.	
	For this quarter, runway usage had been 77% westerly operations.	
3.3	Regarding the limit on early morning shoulder activity (12-month movements), the total for the preceding 12 months was 5,604 which was below the limit of 7,000.	
	With respect to the limit on night quota activity (23.30-06.00) (12-month movements), the total for the preceding 12 months was 9,218 which was close to the limit of 9,650.	
3.4	The sub-committee discussed the QMR. It was questioned if the reduction in night quota movements was due to flight dispensations. LLAOL agreed to investigate.	LLAOL
	• Further discussion ensued regarding the night flight dispensations, with concern expressed over how many there had been. It was advised that dispensations were a feature of the quota count schemes at the designated airports, whose schemes were the basis for the one in place at Luton. The dispensations were also limited to the quota count period (23:30 to 05:59 hours), not the full night period. A request was made for the percentage of night flights given dispensations to be included in the QMR. LLAOL agreed to look at this.	LLAOL
	 The number of track violations was queried and LLAOL confirmed that the number of track violations that had resulted in fines was 11, and that the figure of 13 in the QMR would be corrected. 	LLAOL
	• In relation to continuous descent approach (CDA), the relatively poor percentage performance of EL AL in the quarter was discussed. It was noted that because the airline operated only a few flights, a single non-CDA flight would noticeably affect the overall percentage performance. LLAOL advised that they remained in dialogue with the airline. The NATS representative advised that EL AL were treated no differently to other airlines and that they were not aware of why they would exhibit a different performance.	



Noise Abatement Departure Procedures

it was advised that that data was still awaited from LLAOL.

A321NEO Performance

The project was focussed on the expected departure noise improvement of the Airbus A321NEO, a modernised type, when compared to the Airbus A321 which it replaces.

LLAOL had provided detailed departure noise information for a range of aircraft, including both the Airbus A321 and Airbus A321NEO, for easterly departures. Information was being sought for westerly departures from LLAOL, and on stage lengths from BAP*. The latter were a way of characterising the length of flights which gave a measure of the fuel carried / weight of the aircraft on departure, and so influenced the power used on take-off and thus the noise produced.

LADACAN detailed their analysis to date, which involved looking at the time histories of the noise as departures passed the monitor. These showed the noise level increasing as the aircraft approached, leading to the maximum noise when the aircraft was close by, before the noise level reduced as the aircraft moved away. The area under these time histories was the total noise of the event, or Sound Exposure Level (SEL).

The LADACAN analysis had involved determining average time histories for various aircraft types and comparing common older types with the modernised types that replaced them.

For the Airbus A320 and Airbus A320NEO the finding was a consistent reduction in noise from the modernised type throughout the event.

For the Airbus A321 and Airbus A321NEO the finding was a reduction in noise from the modernised type although this was small when the maximum noise levels occurred.

For the Boeing 737-800 and Boeing 737 Max 8 the finding was a reduction in noise from the modernised (Max) type throughout the event, but the reduction was larger as the aircraft approached the monitor than when it was heading away from it.

The committee discussed the findings to date and thanked LADACAN for their work.

*Post meeting note: BAP provided Stage Length data to LADACAN on 12 June.

6.0 FLOPSC Feedback

The Chairman reported on the last Flight Operations Committee meeting noting that two of the base captains were not present.

On the overall airspace reorganisation, FASI-S, the project was still awaiting input from Heathrow to progress. A single coordinating entity was to be created but this might be delayed because of the General Election.

	In relation to the change to arrival routes, LLAOL had informed the FLOPSC that the Post Implementation Review (PIR) was to be uploaded to the Airspace Change portal shortly. There would then be a 28 day period for any comments, and then a period of 4 months before any decision by the CAA. This could be delayed further because of the General Election. In relation to Air Traffic Control on arrivals, speed control was discussed, and it was noted that the situation around different airports was not consistent which was a complication for airlines. Speed control requirements might be having an impact on arrivals noise levels.	
	An airline also reported on their attempts to ensure they complied with the departure noise levels. They always utilised the full runway length and flew the NADP designed to minimise close-in noise. This was successful in most cases but there were still occasions when they were fined despite these consistent procedures.	
	The Chairman noted that all the operators present took noise reduction very seriously and were very conscious of the need to comply with the procedures in place at LLA.	
7.0	Any Other Business	
7.1	No other Business was discussed	
7.0	Dates of forthcoming Meetings in 2024 18 th September 24 11 th December 24	