Community Noise Report

Flamstead
July – October 2023





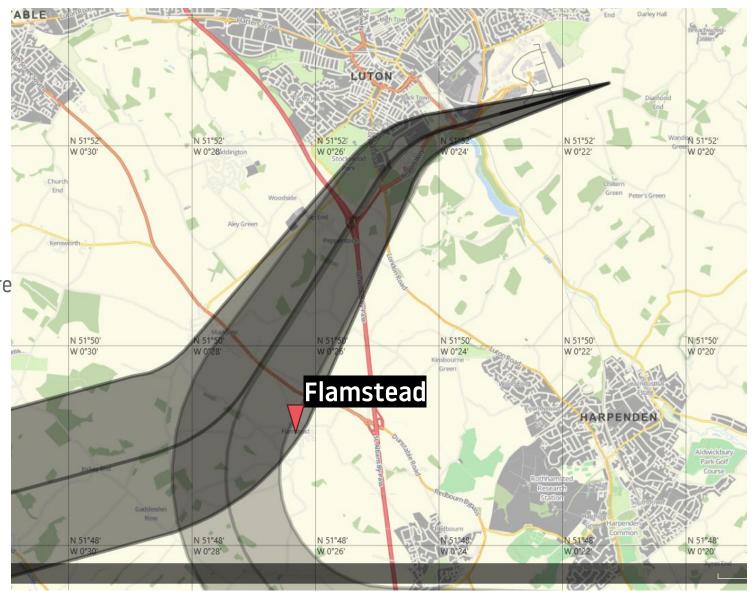
Introduction

As part of the ongoing noise monitoring programme, London Luton Airport deployed a portable noise monitoring terminal in Flamstead.

The purpose of the monitoring programme is to understand the typical noise levels created in the local community. For Flamstead it specifically related to westerly departures. The departure flightpaths are shown on the map. The noise monitor was located at a residential property on Friendless Ln, at the edge of the westerly departure routes centreline, at an altitude of 490 feet above sea level. The red pinpoint on the map shows the noise monitor location.

The noise monitor in Flamstead was in place between the 17th July 2023 and 5th October 2023.

Aircraft noise and tracks recorded were extracted from LLA's noise and track-keeping system. This document evaluates the lateral and vertical positioning of aircraft near the monitor as well as the noise recorded at ground level.

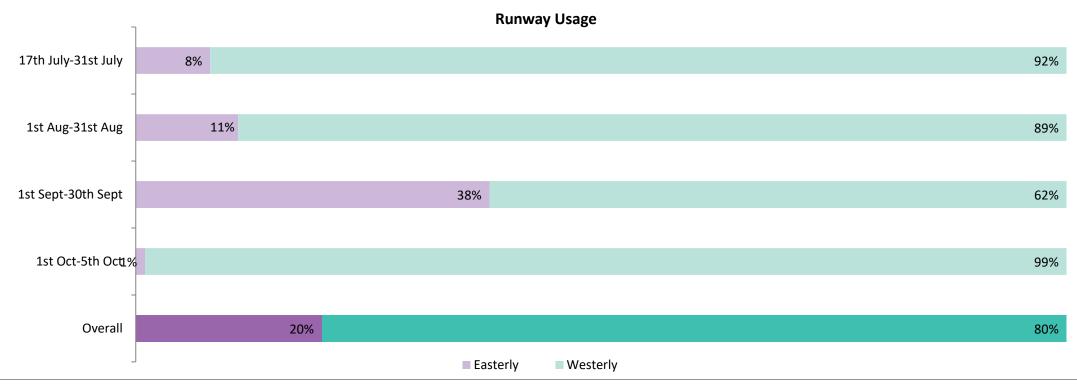


LLA operations during the monitoring period

There are two operating directions at LLA. The operating direction depends on the wind direction as aircraft are required to take off and land into the wind for aircraft performance and safety reasons. These are known as easterly operations and westerly operations and can change the aircraft tracks nearby specific areas. The split in operating direction varies from year to year and month to month. The amount of time that the runway operates in one direction depends on the wind direction.

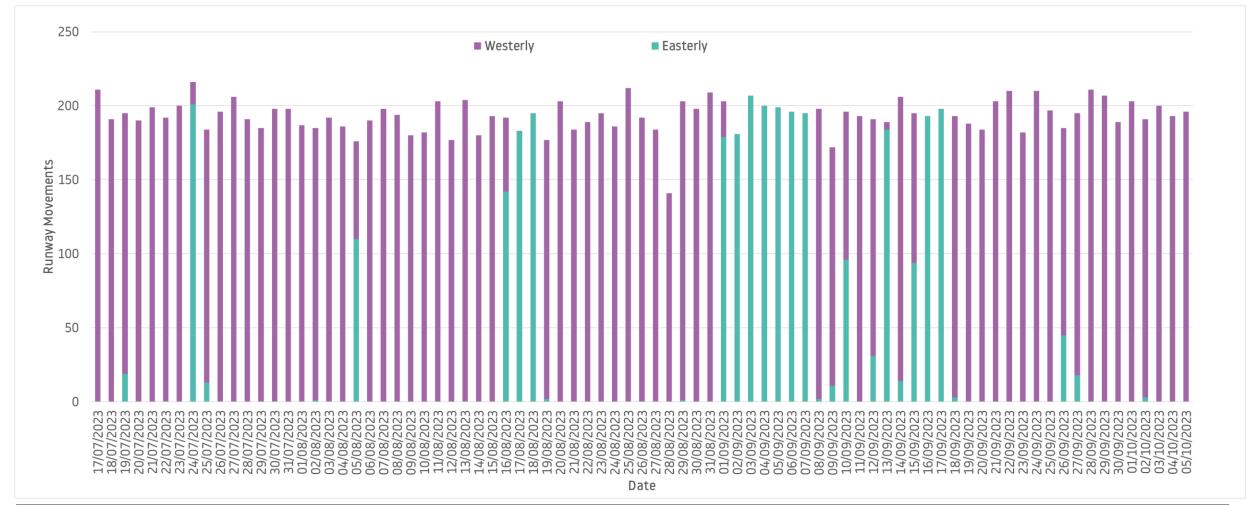
During the period of monitoring, the direction of operation was 20% Easterly and 80% Westerly. The 5-year average for this time of year is 23% easterly vs 73% westerly.

There were 12,555 aircraft departing on the westerly route in Q3 2023.



Daily Movements during monitoring period

The chart below shows the number of daily easterly and westerly operations. Due to the location, all flights that departed from our westerly runway would have flown above the noise monitor terminal. The graph shows the westerly operations (purple) as well as easterly operations (green) on the other side.



London Luton Airport

Operations during monitoring period

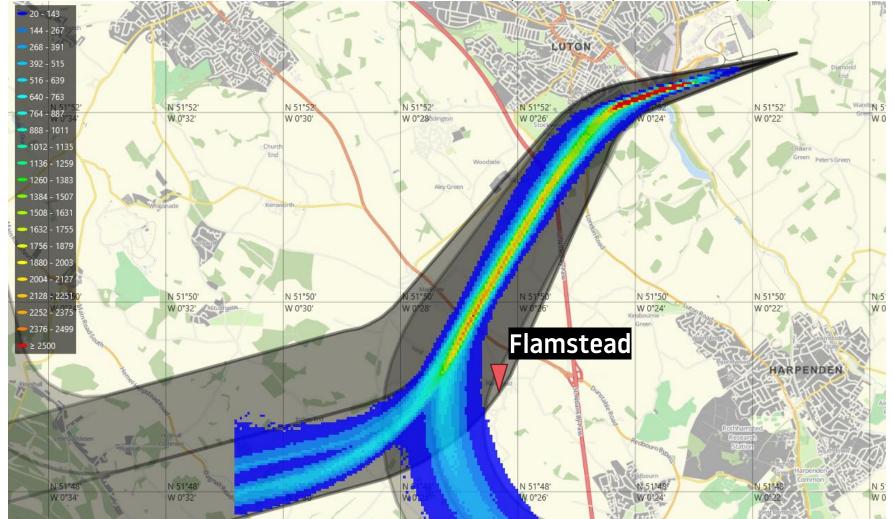
The graph below represents the average aircraft movement by hours during the monitoring period. Depending on the operating direction on the day, residents in Flamstead may experience different flight patterns. During the peak periods, residents of Flamstead may notice more frequent aircraft movements. In general, the morning peak starts at 7am on the days of departure operations and these aircraft would be lower at altitude and more noticeable as the dwellings at this location are just next to the westerly departure flightpath. During the night period of 23:00 – 06:00 in the monitoring period, there were average of 25 departures.



London Luton Airport

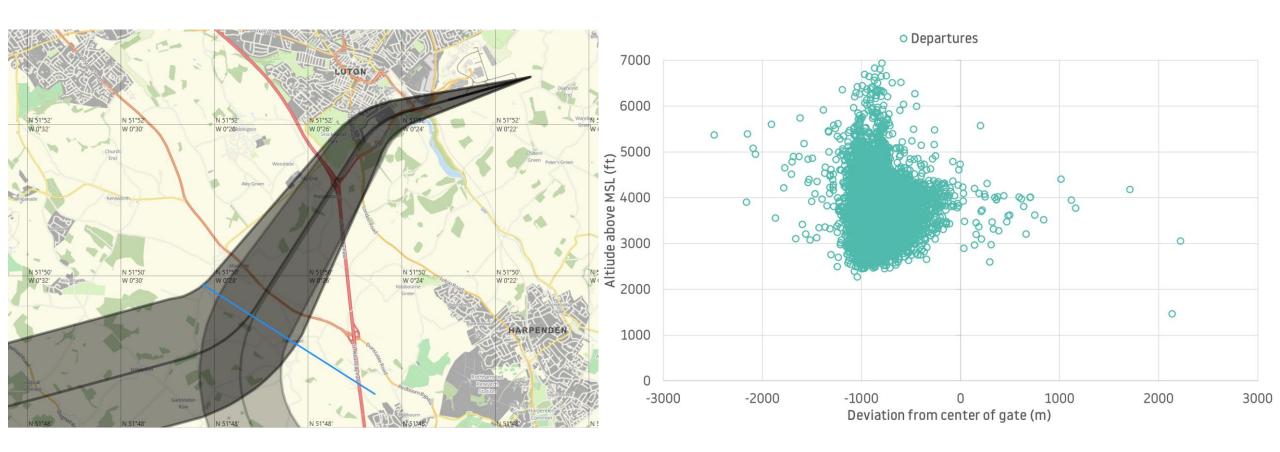
Aircraft Tracks

The heat map below show the representative flight tracks that passed near the noise monitor terminals during the monitoring period. The red pinpoint indicates the location of the noise monitor in Flamstead. This map shows the path of westerly departures.



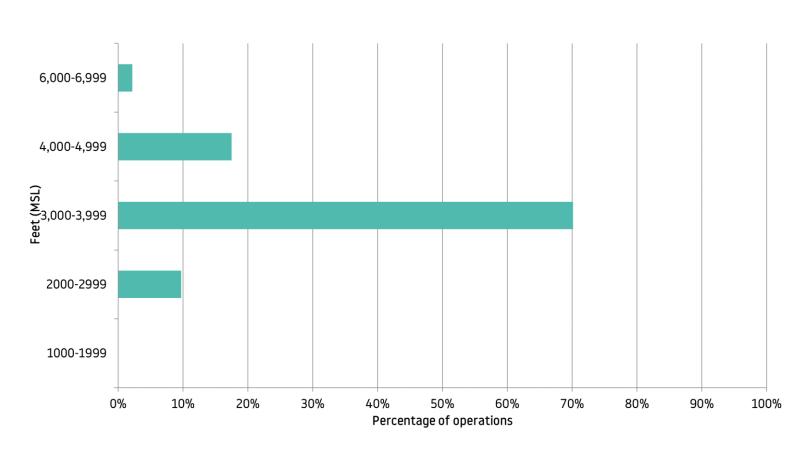
Altitude Gate Analysis

The altitude analysis for Flamstead, shows the vertical and lateral dispersion of aircraft 2.5km either side of the noise monitor. The map below shows the 5km gate (blue line) which is drawn perpendicular to the NPR from northwest to southeast and it gathered information of every aircraft passing through the gate area. The scatter graph below shows the distance and altitude of aircraft from the noise monitor during the monitoring period. Residents in Flamstead will see aircraft flying over Flamstead on the days of westerly operations for departing aircraft.



Altitude Gate Analysis – Departures

The average altitude of aircraft was 3,710 feet AMSL (3,220 feet AGL) when they reach above the noise monitor above Flamstead. The bar chart on the below shows the percentage rate and altitude of aircraft arriving.



Aircraft Type	Number of movements detected	Average Altitude (AMSL in ft)
A306	82	3,940
A319	1,744	3,486
A320 CE0	2,109	3,160
A320 NEO (A20N)	1,383	3,670
A321 CEO	826	3,350
A321 NEO (A21N)	1,588	3,387
B737-800 NG (B738)	940	3,884
B737 Max 8 (B38M)	496	3,646
Global Express (GLEX)	244	4,224
Cessna 560X (C56X)	240	4,356
All	9,652	3,710

How we analyse the noise data

Following the noise monitoring period, we collate the data taken from our Noise and Track Keeping system and analyse the noise reading samples.

During the monitoring period in Flamstead, the noise monitoring terminal collected 9.744 readings. During the period, there were 12,555 westerly departures

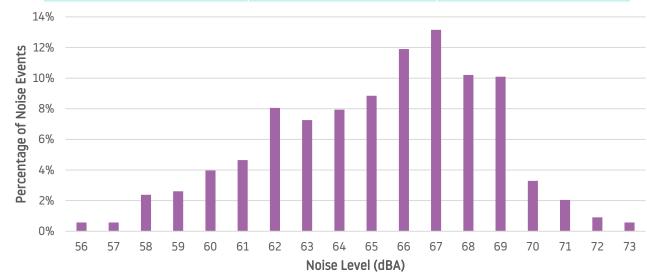
It is noteworthy that the noise monitor may not be able to record every aircraft noise event if the aircraft noise level is below ambient background noise or aircraft following a different route and not through the gate selected. Therefore, there may be a difference between the number of actual air transport movements and number of aircraft noise events collected during the monitoring period.

The weather also plays a big part in the data recorded and in periods of extreme weather i.e (very strong winds) the equipment can record noise incorrectly, so we exclude samples from the analysis during these weather conditions. When analysing the samples, the first thing we do is to ensure that there is no unusual noise event present which might not be caused by aircraft (i.e. vehicles or wildlife). A total of 3,450 recordings were excluded from the analysis for the above reasons.

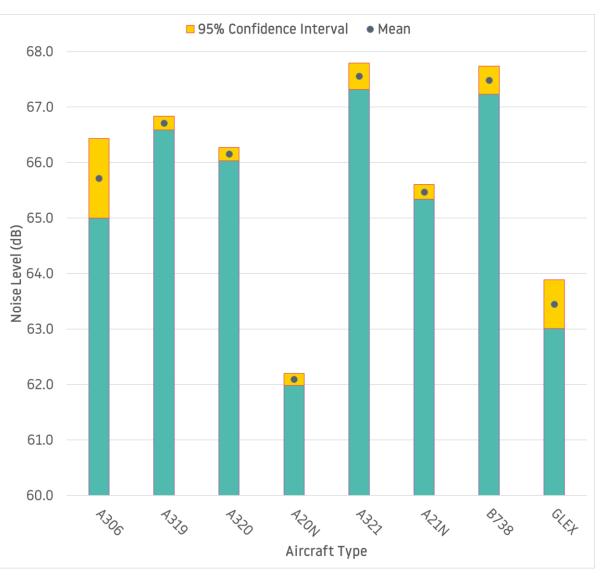
Noise Results – Westerly departures

During the monitoring period, the noise recording samples were gathered from the most popular aircraft types at London Luton Airport*. The summary of the noise results is shown in this section. The tables show the average noise by aircraft type and the bar chart shows the uncertainty caused by the spread in readings and the sample size (95% confidence interval).

Aircraft Type	Number of movements	Average Noise (dB)
A306	63	65.7
A319	1456	66.7
A320 CE0	1759	66.2
A320 NEO (A20N)	1145	62.1
A321 CEO	585	67.6
A321 NEO (A21N)	1325	65.5
B737-800 NG (B738)	695	67.5
B737 Max 8 (B38M)	412	63.3
All	7,440	65.6



*The noise results shown in the analysis are only for those aircraft types that recorded more than 100 events per aircraft.



Noise Results - Summary

- The average arrival noise in Flamstead was 65.6dB, based on a sample size of 7,440.
- From the results, Flamstead's most popular aircraft type by operators, Airbus A321 CEO, had an average noise of 66.2dB (departure).
- The noise from the newer generation aircraft, A320 NEO, produced less noise than A320 CEOs, at an average of 4.1dB quieter.
- Similarly, the Boeing 737 series, the new B737 Max 8 was 3.8dB quieter than its predecessor B737-800NG. Around 39% of all noise results movements were newer generation aircraft which are more fuel efficient and quieter.

Conclusion

- A mobile noise monitor was installed at a residential property on Friendless Ln from the 17th July to 5th October 2023.
- For Flamstead, it specifically related to departures. During the monitoring period, the airport operated in the direction of
 easterly and westerly for 20% and 80% of the time, respectively. Generally, over the year, LLA operate in the westerly direction
 for 70% of the time due to the prevailing wind.
- The main aircraft type operating at London Luton Airport is the Airbus A320 CEO which produced an average noise of 66.2dB for departures.
- 39% of the noise events recorded in Flamstead were created by the newer generation aircraft, A320 NEO, A321 NEO and B737 Max 8. The A320 NEO registered average departing noise of 62.1dB, 4.1dB lower than A320 CEOs.
- During the monitoring period, 230 aircraft were investigated as part of the Noise and Track violation scheme. Of these, 75 aircraft were fined. All fines generated by this scheme go directly into the community trust fund, more information on the community trust fund can be found on https://www.london-luton.co.uk/corporate/community/community-trust-fund.
- LLA publish other monitoring reports on a regular basis. These reports can be viewed and downloaded from the Noise webpage on the LLA website https://www.london-luton.co.uk/corporate/community/noise.

Glossary of Terms

Westerly Operations: As aircraft take off and land into the wind, westerly operations refers to the time when the wind is blowing from the west and aircraft follow the departure route in the direction of South Luton.

Easterly Operations: Easterly operations refers to the time when the wind is blowing from the east and aircraft land on the easterly runway and would fly above South Luton.

Standard Instrument Departure (SID): Published route that an aircraft must follow on departure.

Noise Preferential Route (NPR): All aircraft except propeller aircraft leaving London Luton Airport should follow flight paths known as Noise Preferential Routes (NPRs) up to an altitude of 3,000 feet or 4,000 feet depending on the route. They lead from the runway to the main UK air traffic routes and form the first part of the Standard Instrument Departure routes (SIDs).

Aircraft Movement: A single aircraft departing or arriving at the airport.

Altitude Gate Analysis: A gate which is drawn across an area and will gather flight date about every aircraft passing through the gate area.

Noise Event: A single event is the period from when an aircraft approaches the monitor until when the aircraft is leaving the area.

Decibel (dB): The unit used to measure noise (typically 50-60dB is equivalent to a normal conversation level).

LasMax: A unit of measure and is the maximum noise level from a single aircraft passing over the noise monitor.

95% Confidence Interval: A range of values that you can be 95% certain contains the population mean.

